

# SDG indicators: ongoing methodological work to improve data on women's economic empowerment

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#### OUTLINE



- Inter-Agency and Expert Group on Gender Statistics (IAEG-GS) Mandate and recent work
- 2. Overview of gender-relevant SDG indicators

- 3. Current status and ongoing methodological work on "selected" indicators:
  - Asset ownership, including land (SDG 5.a.1 and 1.4.2)
  - Time spent on unpaid care and unpaid domestic work (SDG 5.4.1)

# 1. Inter-Agency and Expert Group on Gender Statistics – IAEG-GS

Established in 2006

To guide and coordinate the Global Gender Statistics Programme

Overall goal: better data to inform gender related policies

Composed of subject-matter experts

From National Statistical Offices (regional representation) + regional (ECLAC) and international agencies; UNSD is the Secretariat

Mandated by the UN Statistical Commission

Decision 42/102, to advance gender statistics globally

Establish a global Minimum set of gender indicators

Guide the development of methodological guidelines

# 1. Inter-Agency and Expert Group on Gender Statistics – IAEG-GS

#### **Recent work:**

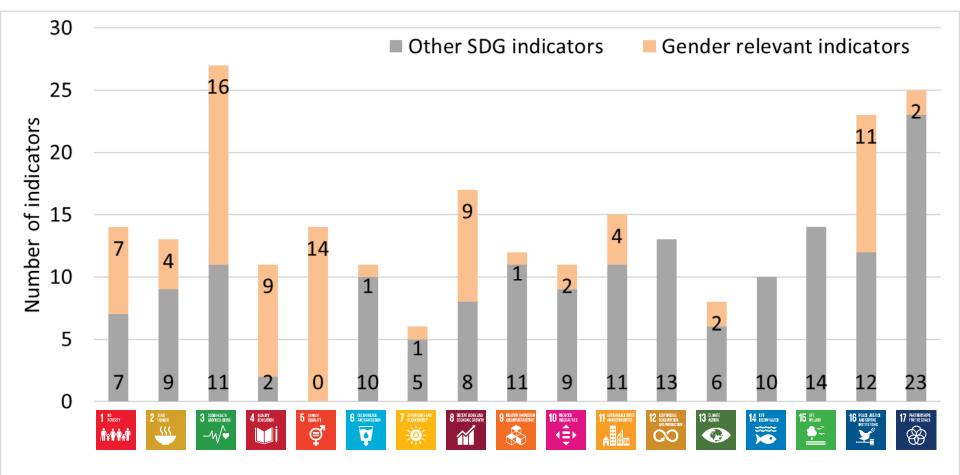
Providing thematic feedback to IAEG-SDGs on gender relevant indicators and disaggregation issues

Aligning Minimum Set of Gender Indicators to SDGs indicators

Advising on Global Forums on Gender Statistics
7th Global Forum GS 14-16 November 2018 in Tokyo, Japan

### 2. Gender relevant SDGs

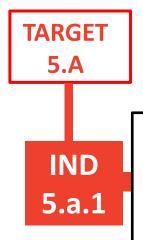




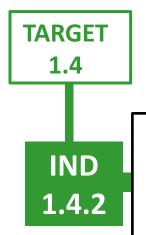
Based on 244 indicators including repeated indicators.

The total number of indicators listed in the global indicator framework of SDG indicators is 244. However, since nine indicators repeat under few targets, the actual **total number of individual indicators in the list is 232**.

# 3. Selected SDG gender indicators: Women's asset ownership (SDGs cover land)



"Proportion of **people with ownership or secure rights** over <u>agricultural land</u>, *by sex;* and share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, *by type of tenure*"



"Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, with (1) legally recognized documentation and (2) who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and by type of tenure"

## **Asset ownership: Development of Methods**



UN Guidelines for Producing Statistics on Asset Ownership from a Gender Perspective

Since 2013, the Evidence and Data for Gender Equality (EDGE) is a joint collaboration of UNSD and UN Women, which builds on the work of the Inter-Agency and Expert Group on Gender Statistics (IAEG-GS).

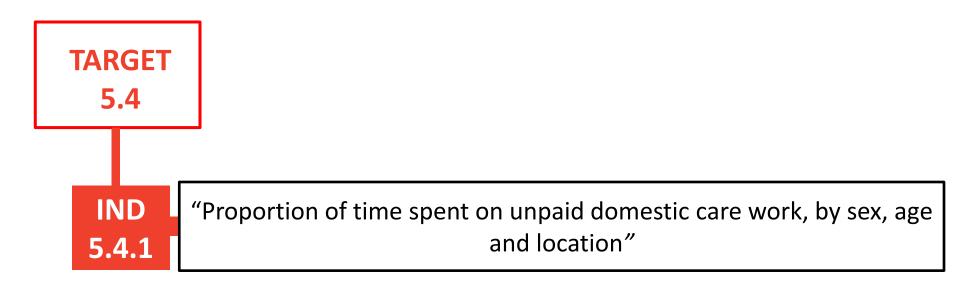
Providing guidance on collecting, processing, analyzing, disseminating **individual level data on asset ownership** for the production of official gender statistics.

The methodology was tested in 7 pilot countries:

Georgia, Maldives, Mexico, Mongolia, the Philippines, South Africa and Uganda.



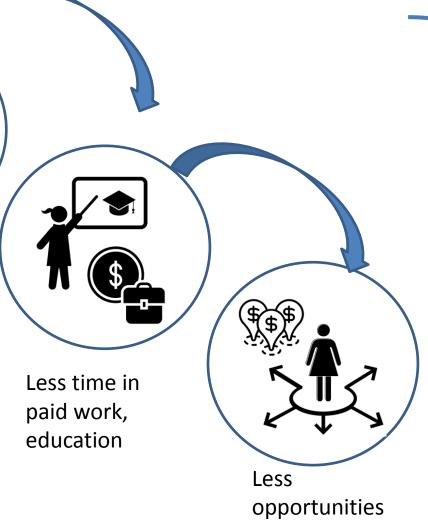
# 3. Selected SDG gender indicators: Women's time spent on unpaid household service work



### Women spend...



More time in unpaid domestic and care work (almost x 3)



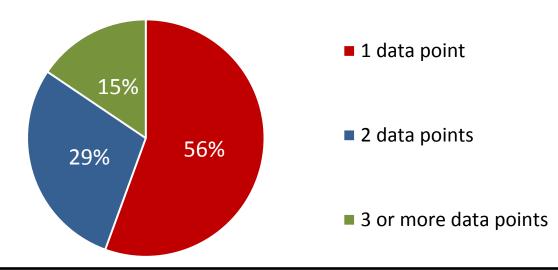
Time-use data



### How many countries with data in the SDGs global database?

- 90 countries between 2000-2016, with data disaggregated by sex
  - Approximately, 85% with further disaggregation by type of unpaid service: unpaid domestic work and unpaid care work;
  - Age: about a third with the recommended age-groups
  - Location (U/R): about a fourth with disaggregation by urban and rural

#### But can we assess progress over time?



=> Need for more data regularly collected

# IND 5.4.1

# UNSD-custodian: ongoing work on data validation/harmonization

#### **Process**

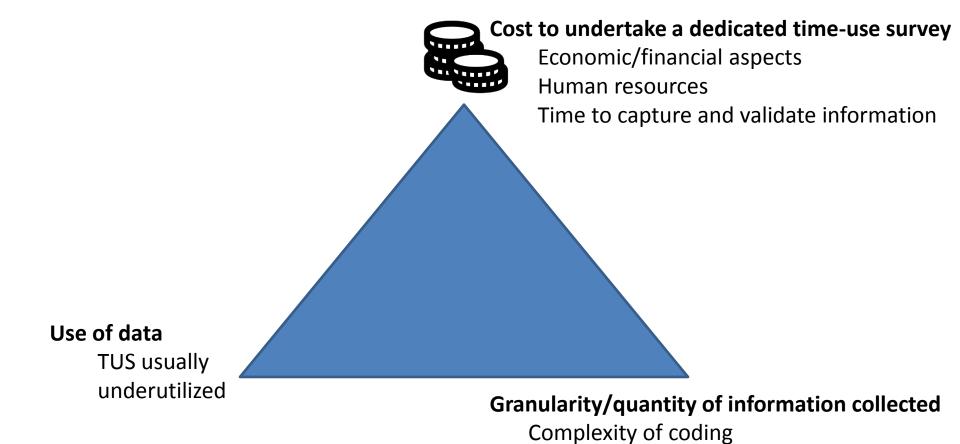
- January 2018
  - Worked with NSOs to validate data and request additional data disaggregation
  - Data reviewed in terms of:
    - Activities included in indicator (added notes describing deviations from global metadata)
    - Age groups

### Challenges (to int'l comparability)

- Instrument used for TUS
- Reference period (24H vs 7d)
- Reference/target population
- Classification of activities

- Travel time included in the calculation
- Exclusion of volunteer work
- Different age groups
- Main vs secondary activities

# What are the challenges faced by NSOs with TUS?



Respondent's burden=>Low response rate

## **UNSD** plans to improve time-use statistics

#### **Existing data:**

- Continue to compile time-use data for reporting (including SDG ind. 5.4.1)
- Work on the harmonization of existing data

#### **Future data:**

Research, develop and pilot a "light instrument" for TUS

#### In terms of content:

 In line with ICATUS 2016 (adopted by the 2017 UN Statistical Commission) and in collaboration with partner agencies and academia

#### In terms of data collection:

Mixed-modes and latest technologies for data collection

⇒ Update UN guidelines to collect time-use data+ provide assistance to countries



# Thank you!

http://unstats.un.org/unsd/gender/default.html