



# TOWARDS THE SUSTAINABLE USE OF OCEAN RESOURCES NATIONAL APPROACH AND BEST PRACTICES FOR SMALL ISLAND DEVELOPING STATES.

Presentation by  
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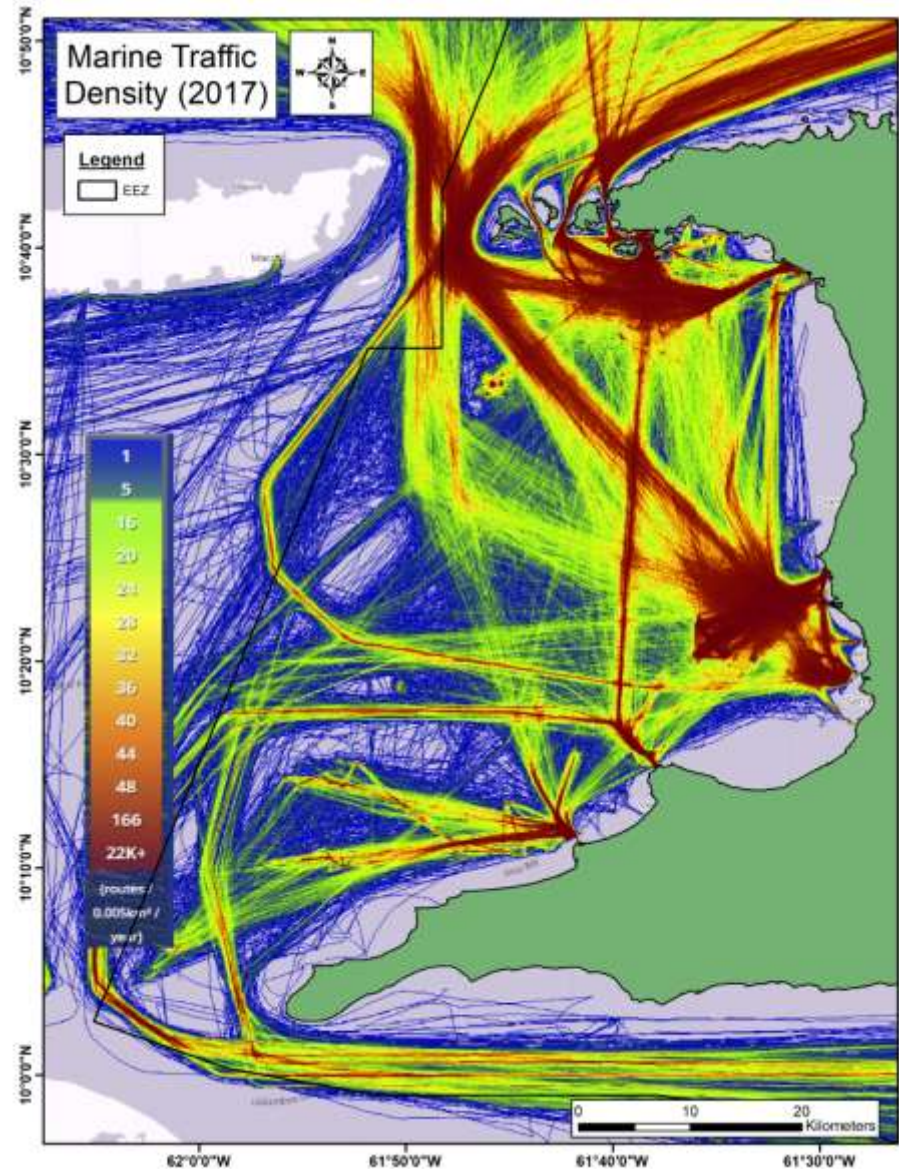
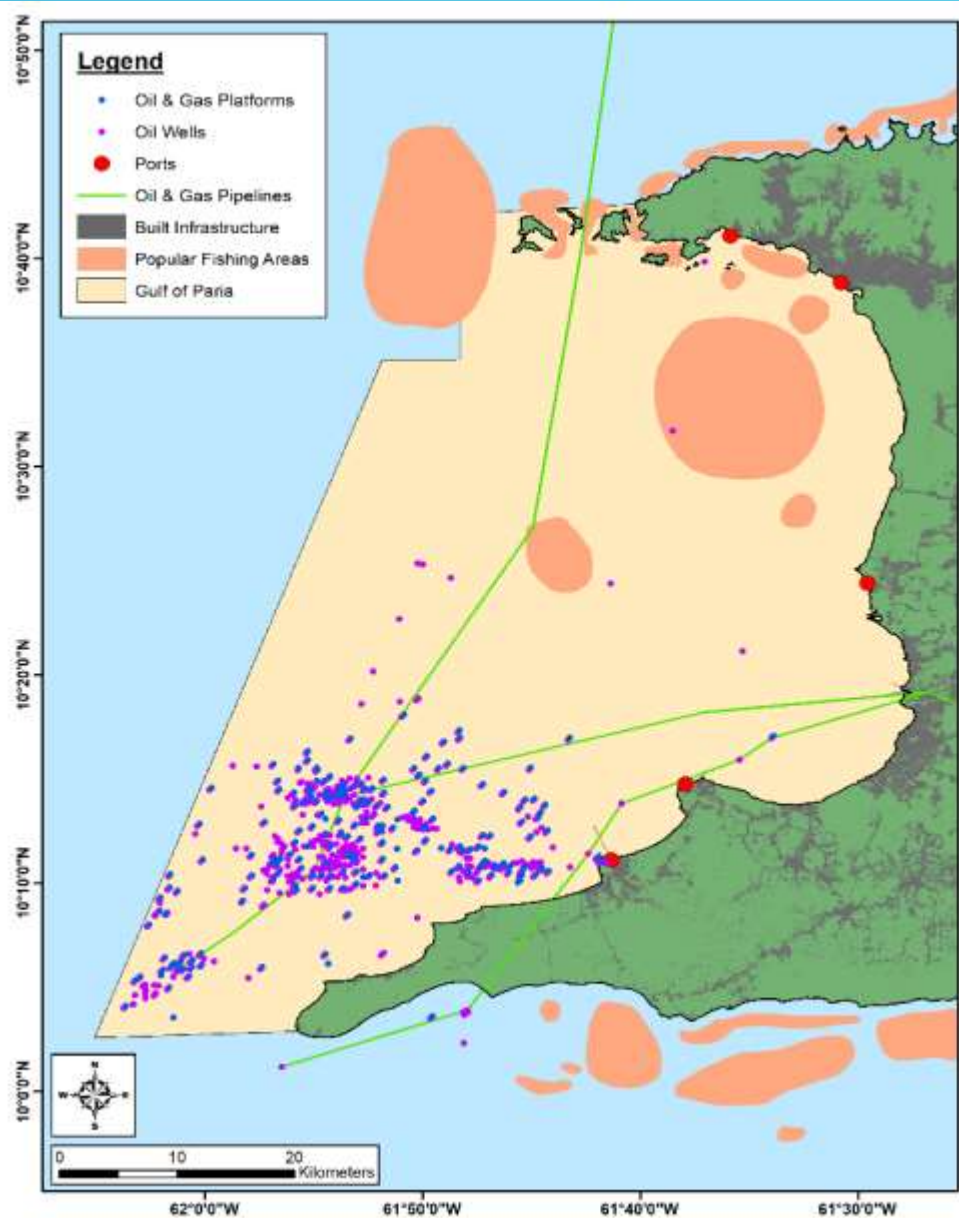
# INTRODUCTION

- ▶ For Caribbean SIDS, the ocean role as an important generator of subsistence and income is magnified.
- ▶ In 2017, the insular Caribbean's gross revenues from marine and coastal tourism alone total an estimated US\$57 billion.
- ▶ Governments in the region have begun to recognize the immense potential of this natural capital, the ocean, for development of the blue economy.





# TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO'S WEST COAST



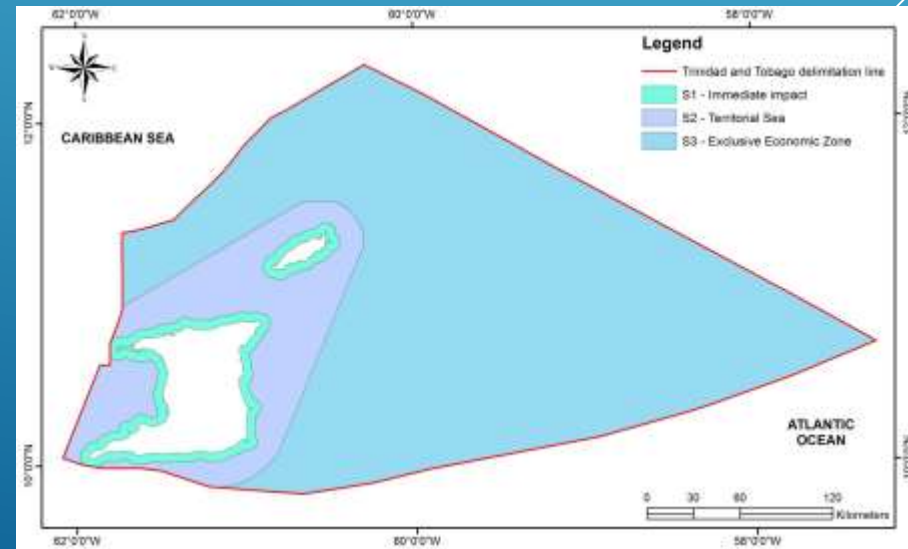
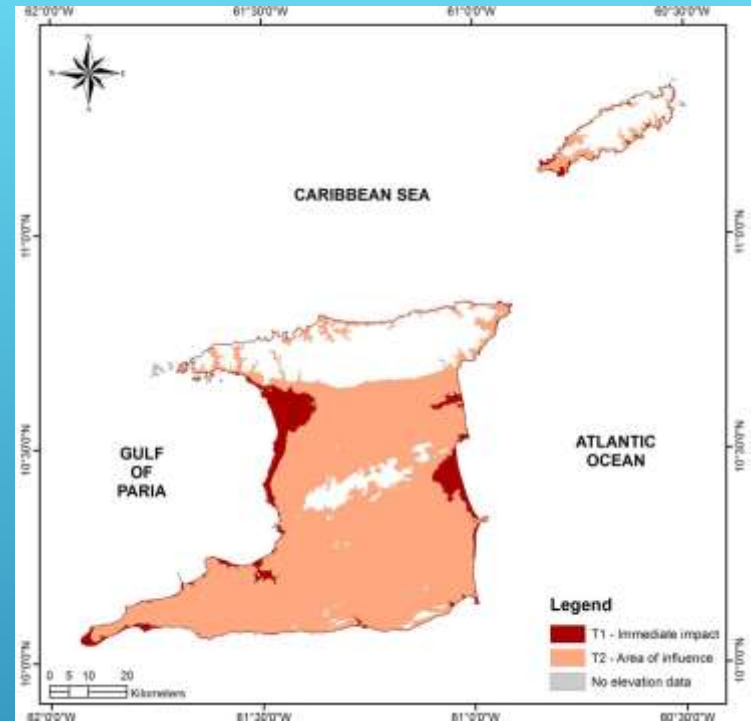
Terrestrial Zone T1-  
Immediate and direct  
impact area

Terrestrial Zone T2- Area of  
influence

Sea Zone S1 – Immediate  
and direct impact area

Sea Zone S2- Territorial Sea

Sea Zone S3- Exclusive  
Economic Zone.





# Integrated Coastal Zone Management

ICZM

## Policy Framework

Trinidad & Tobago



# Policy Considerations:

- Sustainable and inclusive growth and development
  - Reducing the risk of over-exploitation particularly with regards to methods of extraction and usage of the ocean resources
  - Enhancing the welfare of coastal communities in term of economic opportunity and social protection
  - Ensuring resilience to natural disasters and the impacts of climate change.
  - Research driven decision-making to enhance conservation and sustainable use of oceans
  - Knowledge-transfer regarding innovative technology, and capacity building initiative
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